

Handbook for the 2023 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

TWSE: 5608

Time: June 28, 2023

Venue: Conference Room A+B+C, Primasia Conference & Business Center 6F., No. 99, Fusing N. Rd, Taipei City, Taiwan

*In the event of discrepancies between the English and Chinese versions, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Table of Contents

I.	Age	ndaP 1
II.	Repo	orts on Company Affairs
	(I)	2022 Business Report P 2
	(II)	Report by Audit Committee on review of the 2022 Financial Statements
		P 5
	(III)	Report on the 2022 distribution of remuneration to employees and
		directors P7
	(IV)	Report on remuneration paid during 2022 to directors P 7
	(V)	Report on the distribution of 2022 profits in cash dividends to
		ShareholdersP 10
	(VI)	Report on the issue of the 6th domestic secured convertible bondsP 10
III.	Matt	ers for Ratification
	(I)	Ratification of the 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements P 11
	(II)	Ratification of the proposal for 2022 earnings distributionP 27
IV.	Ele	ction Matters
	(I)	Election of the Board of DirectorsP 28
V.	Matt	ers for Discussion
	(I)	Discussion to approve the lifting of director of non-competition
		RestrictionsP 30
	(II)	Amendment to the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings" P 30
VI.	Appe	ndices
	(I)	Articles of IncorporationP 35
	(II)	Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' MeetingsP 44
	(III)	Procedures for Election of DirectorsP 62
	(IV)	Status of Holdings of DirectorsP 67
	(V)	The Impact of Stock dividend Issuance on Business Performance and EPS
		P 67

Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd. 2023 Shareholders' Meeting Agenda

Time: 9:00 A.M. (Wednesday) June 28, 2023

Meeting type : Video-conferencing assisted shareholders meeting

(physical shareholders meeting supported by video conferencing)

Venue: Conference Room A+B+C, Primasia Conference & Business Center

Address: 6F, No. 99, Fusing North Road, Taipei City, Taiwan

Virtual meeting platform: Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation Stockvote Platform (website: https://www.stockvote.com.tw/)

Meeting called to order: (announce respective number of shares held by shareholders present)

Chairperson's remarks:

I. Reports on Company Affairs

- (I) 2022 Business Report
- (II) Report by Audit Committee on review of the 2022 Financial Statements
- (III) Report on the 2022 distribution of remuneration to employees and directors
- (IV) Report on remuneration paid during 2022 to directors
- (V) Report on the distribution of 2022 profits in cash dividends to Shareholders

(VI) Report on the issue of the 6th domestic secured convertible bonds

II. Matters for Ratification

- (I) Ratification of the 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements
- (II) Ratification of the proposal for 2022 earnings distribution
- **III. Election Matters**
 - (I) Election of the Board of Directors
- IV. Matters for Discussion
 - Discussion to approve the lifting of director of non-competition Restrictions

(II)Amendment to the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings"

- V. Extraordinary Motions
- VI. Adjournment

II. Management Presentations (Reports on Company Affairs)

(I) 2022 business report

Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd. 2022 Business Report

Foreword

The International Monetary Fund (IMF) forecasted 3.4% growth for 2022 in its January issue of World Economic Outlook report, 2.8% lower than the 6.2% in 2021, and the global growth in 2023 is projected at 2.9%. The loose monetary policy promoted in response to the impact of COVID-19, the long-term low interest rates, and the supply chain interruptions have depicted the trajectory of the pressed economic growth in the post-COVID period in 2021 and 2022. Looking at the international situations, the Russia-Ukraine war that broke out due to the Russia's invasion of Ukraine has caused the energy chaos and blocked the import and export of bulk commodities of the two countries. Greatly impacted by the Russia-Ukraine war, the European economies had to adjust their energy policies amid the troubled times. The US-China conflict aggravated, the political, economic and trade tensions, the long recovery time, the war, the geopolitics, and other factors have caused the headwinds in economic growth in 2022. Facing the global inflation rate that soared to 8.8%, the Federal Reserve System (Fed) have raised the interest rate 7 times by 4.25% in total for policy-based suppression of this inflation monster.

The Baltic Dry Index (BDI) hit the peak in May 2022 at 3,365 points, and in 22Q2 the average BDI was 2,530 points. Then there showed a steep downward trend in 22Q3 when the lowest 965 points appeared in August. The annual average BDI was 1,934 points, showing a decline compared with the average 2,943 points in 2021. In 2023, due to the fact that most people held a wait-and-see attitude toward the economic development of China after the pandemic-related restrictions were lifted, coupled with the lack of market confidence after the Lunar New Year holiday, the BDI hit as low as 350 points in February.

According to the statistics revealed in the SSY (Simpson Spence Young) market report, as of the end of 2022, the number of dry bulk carriers (>10,000 DWT) is 12,302 units, an increase of 325 units compared with 2021, and the shipping capacity increased by approximately 2,528 Mn DWT, with the total demolitions of 3,56 Mn DWT.

In terms of vessel types, according to the statistics of 2022 shipping capacity of dry bulk carriers released by Clarksons Research in March 2023, the total shipping capacity of dry bulk carriers increased by about 2.8% DWT, of which Capesize increased by 1.9%, Panamax by 3.8%, Supramax by 3.1%, and Handysize by 3%. The 2022 volume in the dry bulk market dropped by nearly 0.6% and the seaborne grain export decreased by 4% due to the turmoil caused by Russia-Ukraine war, while the exports of iron ore, coal, fertilizers and other commodities and steel

products were lower than those in 2021. The unfinished buildings in China, high interest rates, inflation, and other unfavorable factors dampened the demand momentum.

Business Performance

As of the end of March 2023, Shih Wei Navigation and its wholly-owned Panamanian subsidiaries run a total of 34 self-owned ships being 1 coastal Passenger Ship, 1 Logger, 4 Multi-Purpose, 21 Handysize, 2 Supramax, 2 Ultramax, 2 Panamax, and 1 Kamsarmax. Shih Wei runs a diversified fleet with an average age of approximately 10 years.

Year 2022 has surely left its mark in history. The war, the inflation, high interest rates, the reopened borders all have great impacts on the global economy. The suppressed capital supply and China's policies for curbing property speculation slowed down the flow of bulk commodities, leading to the emerging pessimism in 2H22. The growth of global dry bulk shipping supply was still slow. Despite these unfavorable factors for global economy, the annual performance of the overall shipping market in 2022 was still remarkable.

Future Perspectives

The IMF forecasted 3.1% global economic growth for 2024 in its latest World Economic Outlook report (January), an increase of 0.2% compared with that for 2023. A strong rebound after China has stopped its Zero-Covid Strategy at the end of 2022 . This year, the border restrictions for pandemic control are lifted, and countries around the world have started to adjust their operations to pre-pandemic levels. The problems of the war and inflation continue, yet with the contractionary monetary policy, the falling raw material prices, and the cessation of hiking energy prices, a downward revision of the inflation rate forecast for 2023 was made to 6.6%, a 2.2% drop compared with 2022 while that for the year 2024 is 4.3%. While countries are working hard to fight inflation, the "rolling recession" phrase is being used to refer to general recession from the macroeconomic perspective. Different industries have been impacted and showed mixed data in different periods.

According to the BIMCO's Shipping Market Report in March, the market demand will be about 0.5% greater than the supply, and that China's economy will lead the trend of the dry bulk shipping market in 2023. Optimistic expectations are made of the export volume of grain, iron ore, coal, and other raw materials, and the market expects that the momentum will kick off in 23Q2. The BDI index averaged 658 points in February and that of March increased to 1,410. The bulk shipping market is impacted by unfavorable factors of the war and the continuous interest rate hike in the U.S., coupled with the unstable and changeable policies adopted by countries to solve the inflation crisis. Moreover, climate change, natural disasters and port congestion have also kept port

congestion rate at a certain level. In addition, due to the new international regulations have entered into force, most of ships drop down to economical speed, and the delivery of new tonnages is limited, the overall fleet growth is expected to be low. The industry is optimistic about the prospects of the dry bulk shipping market this year. Therefore, deliberated planning of the fleet trading and operations is crucial.

I would like to extend our sincere gratitude to all the shareholders of Shih Wei Navigation for your long-term support. In 2023, in the face of global economic recession, the international political conflicts, economic sanctions, and the financial policies to curb inflation, the Shih Wei team will uphold the spirit as usual and be mindful of carrying our business to the best performance in this volatile market. Thank you again for your continued support and we wish all of you good health and prosperity.

Chairwoman & President, Shin-Chyi Lan

Principal Accounting Officer, Fang-Yi Lin

(II) Report by Audit Committee on review of the 2022 financial statements

Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd. Audit Committee's Report

The Board of Directors has prepared and submitted the 2022 financial statements, of which the financial statements have been audited by the CPAs Tseng, Kuo-Yang and Chih, Shih-Chin of KPMG, Taiwan and an Audit Report has been submitted. These have been reviewed by the Audit Committee as correctly portraying the Company's business activities. In accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act, this report is submitted for shareholder's examination.

To:

The Company's 2023 General Shareholders' Meeting

Convener of the Audit Committee: Lin Po-Ging

February 22, 2023

Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd. Audit Committee's Report

The Board of Directors has prepared and submitted the 2022 business report, and proposal for distribution of earnings. These have been reviewed by the Audit Committee as correctly portraying the Company's business activities. In accordance with Article 219 of the Company Act, this report is submitted for shareholder's examination.

To:

The Company's 2023 General Shareholders' Meeting

Convener of the Audit Committee: Lin Po-Ging

March 30, 2023

(III) Report on the 2022 distribution of remuneration to employees and directors

- I. According to Article 32 of the Articles of Incorporation, should the Company make a profit in the current year (profits refer to income before tax and before the distribution of remuneration to the employees and Directors), no less than 2% shall be allocated as the employees' remuneration and no more than 5% as the Directors' remuneration.
- II. The Company's profit before tax for 2022 was NT\$2,525,667 thousand. The Company plans to set aside NT\$52,100 thousand as remuneration for employees and NT\$10,000 thousand as remuneration for Directors, which are based on 2.01% and 0.39% of the aforementioned profit before tax. All remuneration shall be distributed in cash.

(IV) Report on remuneration paid during 2022 to directors

- I. The Company's 2022 director remuneration policy, individual remuneration details, amount, and association with outcomes of performance reviews are reported to the shareholders' meeting report in accordance with Article 10-1 of the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".
- II. The Company's Directors remuneration policy adheres to Article 30 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, and the Company Directors may receive transportation allowances or salary. The Board of Directors is authorized to determine the transportation allowances or salary based on prevailing rates in the industry. The transportation allowances or salary must be paid regardless of whether the Company records a profit or a loss. In accordance with the "Compensation Guidelines for Board Directors and Managers", the compensation for individual directors is based on the value of the degree of contribution to the company operations. According to Article 32 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, if the Company was profitable during the year, no more than 5% of the profit may be allocated as remuneration for directors.
- III. Details on the remuneration for directors in 2022 are as follows:

2

	-	1		Rer	muneration of D	Directors			,		Relevant Remuneration Received by					ctors Who r	are Also E	mployees		Ratio of Total Compensation		Compensation Paid to
			uneration (A)	Per	ance Pay and Pension (B)	Dire (neration of irector (C) Note 1)		ss Expenses (D)		al Remuneration Net Income (%)	Állow (I	onuses, and wances (E) ote 2)	Per (nce Pay and ension (F) Vote 3)	Rem	(0	n of Employ (G) (ote 4)	rees	Ratio of Total ((A+B+C+D+E Incom	E+F+G) to Net	Dimostoria
Title	Name		All companies in the consolidated	n I The	All companies in the	The	All companies in the	The	All companies in the		All companies in the	The	All companies in the	The	All companies in the	The Con	mpany	All comp the conso financial s	solidated		All companies in the	Other than the Company's Subsidiary
		The Company	financial statements	Company			consolidated financial statements	d Company	consolidated financial statements	The Company	consolidated financial statements	Company	consolidated financial statements	ted Company		d Cash	Stock	Cash	Stock	The Company	consolidated financial statements	
	Luo Pan Investment Corp.	. 0	0	0	0	5,000	5,000	0	0	5,000 0.2465	5,000 0.2465	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,000 0.2465	5,000 0.2465	None
	Representative: Lan, Shin-Chyi	4,035	4,035	0	0	0	0	45	45	4,080 0.2011	4,080 0.2011	0	0	116	116	4,000	0	4,000	0	8,196 0.4040	8,196 0.4040	None
Director	Chen, Huo-Tsai	0	0	0	0	1,000	1,000	35	35	1,035 0.0510	1,035 0.0510	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,035 0.0510	$1,035 \\ 0.0510$	None
Director	Kuo, Chen-Yu	0	0	0	0	1,000	1,000	45	45	1,045 0.0515	1,045 0.0515	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,045 0.0515	$1,045 \\ 0.0515$	None
Independent Director	Lin, Po-Ging	120	120	0	0	1,000	1,000	55	55	$1,175 \\ 0.0579$	1,175 0.0579	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,175 0.0579	$1,175 \\ 0.0579$	None
	Chang, Lu- Chang	120	120	0	0	1,000	1,000	55	55	$1,175 \\ 0.0579$	$1,175 \\ 0.0579$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$1,175 \\ 0.0579$	$1,175 \\ 0.0579$	None
Independent Director	Chen, Po-Chung	120	120	0	0	1,000	1,000	55	55	1,175 0.0579	1,175 0.0579	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,175 0.0579	$1,175 \\ 0.0579$	None

Please describe the policy, system, standards and structure of the remuneration packages of the Independent Directors and explain the relevance of the amount of remuneration paid to them based on factors such as responsibility, risk and time commitment: The Company's pre-tax profit is NT\$2,525,667 thousand in 2022, and the total remuneration of directors distributed is NT\$10,000 thousand. The remuneration of Directors was passed in a resolution of the Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors. As Independent Directors also serve as members of the Company's Audit Committee, the Company considered their participation in the operations of the Company and the value of their contribution and issued a monthly allowance of NT\$10 thousand to each Independent Director.

Except as disclosed above, remuneration received by directors in the latest year for on-balance sheet services (e.g., acting as a non-employee consultant) rendered to the Company: None

Unit: NT\$ thousand; %

- Remarks: The remuneration of Directors of the Company includes the transportation allowance for each attendance in meetings of the Board of Directors. The Company also considers its annual business performance and the annual self-assessment of Directors' performance to determine the adjustments of the remuneration.
- Note 1: On March 30, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the distribution of the director's remuneration of NT\$10,000 thousand which is estimated at 0.39% of the pre-tax profit of NT\$2,525,667 thousand in 2022.
- Note 2: All payments to Directors who are also employees of the Company (including the position of President, Vice President, other management personnel and staff), including salary, additional pay, severance pay, bonuses, incentive payments, transportation, special allowance, other allowances, housing, and company car. Where housing, car and other forms of transport, or personal allowances are provided, the nature and cost of assets provided should be disclosed and the rent, gas, and other expenses be paid as incurred or at fair market price. Where a driver is also provided, it should be specified in the notes that the Company pays compensation to the driver but does not include the amount in remuneration. From February 16, 2022 to December 31, 2022, the Company provided a car for the Chairperson of the Board at a cost of NT\$2,250 thousand and a total fuel cost of NT\$14 thousand.
- Note 3: It refers to the amount appropriated in the most recent year.
- Note 4: On March 30, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the distribution of the employee remuneration of NT\$52,100 thousand which is estimated at 2.01% of the pre-tax profit of NT\$2,525,667 thousand in 2022.
- Note 5: 2022 net profit after tax: \$ NT\$2,028,642 thousand .

(V) Report on the distribution of 2022 profits in cash dividends to Shareholders

- I. The Company proposes to distribute cash dividends from its 2022 earnings to shareholders totaling NT\$553,900,635 with NT\$1.5 per share.
- II. The cash dividends shall be distributed to the NTD and decimals shall be rounded off. The sum of amounts smaller than NT\$1 shall be distributed to individual shareholders based on the decimal from highest to the lowest until all cash dividends are distributed.
- III. The Company proposes to the BOD to authorize the Chairwoman to set the ex-dividend and payment date. The BOD is also requested to authorize the Chairwoman to adjust the distribution rate if there is a subsequent change in the number of outstanding shares due to a change in share capital.

Item	The 6th domestic secured convertible bonds
Date of the board of directors resolution	2023/03/30
Letter No.	11203405371
Total amount issued	NT\$ 500,000,000
Face value per bond	NT\$ 100,000
Issue price	The actual issue price is determined by the competitive auction results.
Issuance period	3 years

(VI) Report on the issue of the 6th domestic secured convertible bonds

III. Matters for Ratification

Item 1 Proposed by the Board

Proposal: Ratification of the 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements.

Explanation: The Company's Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements for 2022 (including the Balance Sheet, Consolidated Income Statement, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Cash Flow Statement) have been audited by the Tseng, Kuo-Yang and Chih, Shih-Chin of KPMG, Taiwan. They were submitted along with the business report to the Audit Committee for review and are hereby filed for ratification. (Please refer to pages 12 to 26).

Resolution:



告候建業群合會計師重務府 KPMG

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd.:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd.("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants of Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. The key audit matters that, in our professional judgment, should be communicated are as follows:

Cut-off of Revenue Recognition from Subsidiaries Accounted for Using the Equity Method

Please refer to notes 4(k) to the financial statements for the accounting principles on the recognition of revenues.

Description of the key audit matter:

As the cut-off of revenue recognition from subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method of the Company involves manual operations and is subject to judgment, and the amount of revenue is material, we considered the cut-off of revenue recognition from subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method as the key audit matter.



How the matter was addressed in our audit:

- 1. According to the understanding of the design and implementation of the internal controls related to the rental revenue recognition from subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method, we designed the audit procedures of the existence of rental revenue to evaluate the operating effectiveness of these internal controls.
- 2. We performed a test of details of rental revenues by inspecting the accounting records and external supporting documents to verify the correctness of sales amounts and the situation of collection.
- 3. We performed confirmation procedures of rental agreement to verify the existence of the charterers and the sales terms.
- 4. We execute sale cut-off tests for a certain period before and after the balance sheet date to check the correctness of the timing of the revenue recognition.

Other Matters

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2021 were audited and reviewed by other accountants, and the audit report with unqualified opinion on those statements was issued on February 24, 2022.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee or supervisors) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the investment in other entities accounted for using the equity method to express an opinion on this financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Kuo-Yang, Tseng and Shin-Chin chin.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) Febuary 23, 2023

Notes to Readers

The accompanying parent company only financial statements are intended only to present the statement of financial position, financial performance and its cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such parent company only financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The auditors' report and the accompanying parent company only financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language auditors' report and parent company only financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese) SHIH WEI NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		D	ecember 31, 2	022	December 31, 2	2021	
	Assets	_	Amount	%	Amount	%	
	Current assets:						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6(a))	\$	322,073	2	1,962,887	19	21
1110	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 6(b))		9,503	-	8,847	-	21
1210	Other receivables related parties, net (Note 7)		216	-	47,889	-	22
1220	Current tax assets		-	-	230	-	22
1476	Other current financial assets (Note 6(c))		156,294	1	53,740	1	22
1479	Other current assets, others	_	1,851		1,560		23
		_	489,937	3	2,075,153	20	23
	Non-current assets:						
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method, net (Note 6(c))		12,533,337	90	7,975,350	77	
1600	Total property, plant and equipment (Note 6(d))		100,526	1	96,455	1	25
1840	Deferred tax assets (Note 6(i))		9,709	-	40,927	-	25
1960	prepayments for investments (Note 6(c))		767,340	6	-	-	26
1980	Other non-current financial assets (Note 6(e))		35,698	-	151,248	2	
1990	Other non-current assets, others (Note 6(h))	_	47,473		45,565		
			13,494,083	97	8,309,545	80	

		D	ecember 31, 2	022	December 31, 2	021
	Liabilities and Equity	_	Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current liabilities:					
2100	Short-term borrowings (Note 6(f))	\$	438,000	3	468,000	5
2170	Accounts payable		19	-	60	-
2219	Other payables, others		95,982	1	103,062	1
2220	Other payables to related parties (Note 7)		1,894,261	13	1,790,585	17
2230	Current tax liabilities		123,571	1	-	-
2322	Long-term borrowings, current portion (Note 6(g))		294,666	2	247,200	2
2399	Other current liabilities, others	_	845		4,039	
		_	2,847,344	20	2,612,946	25
	Non-Current liabilities:					
2540	long-term borrowings (Note 6(g))		141,278	1	391,944	4
2570	Deferred tax liabilities (Note 6(i))		869,436	6	526,775	5
2640	Net defined benefit liability, non-current (Note 6(h))	_	-		1,767	
		_	1,010,714	7	920,486	9
	Total liabilities	_	3,858,058	27	3,533,432	34
	Equity attributable to owners of parent: (Note (j))					
3110	Ordinary shares		3,692,671	26	3,292,671	32
3200	Capital surplus		3,044,890	22	2,642,041	25
	Retained earnings:					
3310	Legal reserve		257,180	2	56,909	1
3320	Special reserve		1,143,072	8	-	-
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	_	2,031,323	15	2,002,718	19
		_	3,431,575	25	2,059,627	20
3400	Total other equity interest	_	(43,174)		(1,143,073)	(11)
	Total equity	_	10,125,962	73	6,851,266	66
	Total liabilities and equity	\$	13,984,020	100	10,384,698	100

Total assets

13,984,020 100 10,384,698 100 \$

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) SHIH WEI NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

		2022		2021	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4600	Total service revenue (Note 7)	211,539	100	210,571	100
5000	Total operating costs	3,826	2	2,955	2
	Gross profit (loss) from operations	207,713	98	207,616	98
6200	Total administrative expenses (Note 6(h) and (i))	192,657	91	191,660	91
	Net operating income (loss)	15,056	7	15,956	7
7100	Interest income	865	-	1,815	1
7190	Other income, others	28,386	13	31,961	15
7225	Gains on disposals of investments	224	-	246	-
7230	Foreign exchange gains	(180,996)	(86)	37,434	18
7235	Gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(2,493)	(1)	464	-
7375	Share of profit (losses) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method		1,267	2,336,552	1,110
7510	Interest expense	(16,017)	(8)	(23,472)	(11)
7590	Miscellaneous disbursements (Note 6(i))	(194)		(84)	
	Total non-operating income and expenses	2,510,611	1,185	2,384,916	1,133
	Profit (loss) from continuing operations before tax	2,525,667	1,192	2,400,872	1,140
7950	Less: Income tax expenses	497,025	235	398,363	189
	Profit (loss)	2,028,642	957	2,002,509	951
8300	Other comprehensive income:				
8310	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	2,300	1	261	-
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive	460		52	
	income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	1.0.40		200	
00(0)		1,840	<u> </u>	209	
8360	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	1,099,899	520	(184,414)	(87)
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss				
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	1,099,899	520	(184,414)	(87)
8300	Other comprehensive income	1,101,739	521	(184,205)	(87)
	Total comprehensive income	\$ 3,130,381	1,478	1,818,304	864
	Basic earnings per share		<u> </u>		
	Basic earnings per share (Note 6(k))	\$	6.08		7.16
	Diluted earnings per share (Note 6(k))	\$	6.04		7.14

See accompanying notes to parent company only financial statements.

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) SHIH WEI NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Statements of Changes in Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Share capital			Retained	earnings		Exchange differences on translation of	
	Ordinary	-			Unappropriated	Total retained	foreign financial	
	shares	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	retained earnings	earnings	statements	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 2,792,671	1,489,164	1,479,818		(1,422,909)	56,909	(958,659)	3,380,085
Profit (loss) for the year months ended December 31, 2021	-	-	-	-	2,002,509	2,002,509	-	2,002,509
Other comprehensive income for the year months ended December 31, 2021			-		209	209	(184,414)	(184,205)
Comprehensive income for the year months ended December 31, 2021			-		2,002,718	2,002,718	(184,414)	1,818,304
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:								
Legal reserve used to offset accumulated deficits	-	-	(1,422,909)	-	1,422,909	-	-	-
Capital increase by cash	500,000	1,140,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,640,000
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	3,500	-	-	-	-	-	3,500
Share-based payment transactions		9,377	-		-	-		9,377
Balance at December 31, 2021	3,292,671	2,642,041	56,909	-	2,002,718	2,059,627	(1,143,073)	6,851,266
Profit (loss) for the year months ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	2,028,642	2,028,642	-	2,028,642
Other comprehensive income for the year months ended December 31, 2022			-		1,840	1,840	1,099,899	1,101,739
Comprehensive income for the year months ended December 31, 2022			-		2,030,482	2,030,482	1,099,899	3,130,381
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:								
Legal reserve	-	-	200,271	-	(200,271)	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	1,143,072	(1,143,072)	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(658,534)	(658,534)	-	(658,534)
Capital increase by cash	400,000	400,000	-	-	-	-	-	800,000
Share-based payment transactions		2,849	-			-		2,849
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$3,692,671	3,044,890	257,180	1,143,072	2,031,323	3,431,575	(43,174)	10,125,962

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese) SHIH WEI NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022	2021
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:	ф <u>расос (с</u>	2 400 072
Profit before tax	\$2,525,667	2,400,872
Adjustments:		
Adjustments to reconcile profit:	1 929	1 266
Depreciation expenses	1,828	1,266
Amortization expenses	1,044	806
Net losses on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	2,493	(465)
Interest expenses	16,017	23,472
Interest income	(865)	(1,815)
Dividend income	(547)	(17)
Share-based payments transactions	2,849	9,377
Shares of losses of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	(2,680,836)	(2,336,551)
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	89	-
Gains on disposal of investments	<u> </u>	(246)
Total adjustments to reconcile profit	(2,657,928)	(2,304,173)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Changes in operating assets:		
Increase in financial assets mandatorily classified as at fair value through profit or loss	(3,149)	(7,132)
Decrease (increase) in other receivable due from related parties	47,673	15,244
Decrease (increase) in other current assets	22	(340)
Changes in operating liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts payable	(41)	(1,120)
(Decreas) Increase in other payables	(6,806)	88,844
Increase (decrease) in other payable to related parties	11,477	(18,705)
Increase in other current liabilities	(3,194)	3,381
Decrease in net defined benefit liabilities	(948)	(944)
Total adjustments	(2,612,894)	(2,224,945)
Cash inflow generated from operations	(87,227)	175,927
Interest received	865	2,442
Interest paid	(16,291)	(23,624)
Income taxes paid	(35)	(230)
Net cash flows from operating activities	(102,688)	154,515
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:		
Investment in subsidiaries	(2,497,362)	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(5,988)	(193)
Decrease in refundable deposits	20	5,000
Increase in other receivables due from related parties	-	(47,295)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(1,574)	(762)
Decrease in other financial assets	12,996	103,439
Dividends received	953,317	17
Net cash flows from investing activities	(1,538,591)	60,206
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:	(1,000,001)	00,200
Decrease in short-term loans	(30,000)	(614,703)
Proceeds from long-term debt	200,000	500,000
Repayments of long-term debt	(403,200)	(245,567)
Increase in guarantee deposits received	(403,200)	(13)
Increase in other payables to related parties	92,199	461,658
	,	401,058
Cash dividends paid	(658,534)	-
Proceeds from issuing shares	800,000	1,640,000
Net cash flows used in financing activities		1,741,375
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,640,814)	1,956,096
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,962,887	6,791
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$322,073	1,962,887

See accompanying notes to parent company only financial statements



安侯建業解合會計師事務行 **KPMG**

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd.:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Account of Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. The key audit matters that, in our professional judgment, should be communicated are as follows:

1. Revenue recognition

Please refer to notes 4(n) to the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policy on revenue recognition and notes 4(q) for descriptions of revenue recognition.

As the cut-off of revenue recognition of the Group involves manual operations and is subject to judgment, and the amount of revenue is material, we considered the cut-off of revenue recognition as the key audit matter.



How the matter was addressed in our audit:

- According to the understanding of the design and implementation of the internal controls related to the rental revenue recognition, we designed the audit procedures of the existence of rental revenue to evaluated the operating effectiveness of these internal controls.
- We performed a test of details of rental revenues by inspecting the accounting records and external supporting documents to verify the correctness of sales amounts and the situation of collection.
- We performed confirmation procedures of rental agreement to verify the existence of the charterers and the sales terms.
- We execute sale cut-off tests for a certain period before and after the balance sheet date to check the correctness of the timing of the revenue recognition.

Other Matters

The financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2021 were audited and reviewed by other accountants, and the audit report with unqualified opinion on those statements was issued on February 24, 2022.

Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd. has additionally prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion. Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd. has additionally prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, on which other accountants have issued an unmodified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretation as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance including the Audit Committee or supervisors are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Kuo-Yang Tseng and Shih-Chin Chih.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) Febuary 23, 2023

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated statement of financial position, financial performance and its cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese) SHIH WEI NAVIGATION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		De	ecember 31, 2	022	December 31, 2	2021	
	Assets		Amount	%	Amount	%	
	Current assets:						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6(a) and Note 6(s))	\$	5,374,819	22	5,082,169	21	
1110	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note $6(b)$ and Note $6(s)$)		10,361	-	9,649	-	
1170	Accounts receivable, net (Note 6(s))		50,281	-	48,336	-	
130X	Inventories		196,994	1	163,387	1	
1476	Other current financial assets (Note 6(c), 6(s) and Note 8)		218,799	1	119,892	-	
1479	Other current assets		229,374	1	142,000	1	
			6,080,628	25	5,565,433	23	
	Non-current assets:						
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (Note 6(d))		27,749	-	-	-	
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Note 6(f) and Note 8)		18,846,015	75	18,376,839	75	
1755	Right-of-use assets (Note 6(g))		1,403	-	300	-	
1840	Deferred tax assets		9,709	-	40,927	-	
1915	Prepayments for equipment		9,288	-	4,344	-	
1980	Other non-current financial assets (Note 6(c), 6(s) and Note 8)		59,525	-	179,439	1	
1990	Other non-current assets, others (Note 7 and Note 8)		48,714		155,015	1	
			19,002,403	75	18,756,864	77	

		De	cember 31, 2	022	December 31, 2	021
	Liabilities and Equity		Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current liabilities:					
2100	Short-term borrowings (Note 6(h) and Note 6(s))	\$	714,000	3	914,232	4
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable (Note 6(j) and Note 6(s))		59,952	-	-	-
2170	Accounts payable (Note 6(s) and Note 7)		208,763	1	155,094	1
2200	Other payables (Note 6(s))		301,440	1	240,766	1
2220	Other payables to related parties (Note 6(s) and Note 7)		308,748	1	308,748	1
2230	Current tax liabilities		123,571	-	-	-
2250	Current provisions (Note 6(k) and Note 9)		49,136	-	44,288	-
2280	Current lease liabilities (Note 6(l) and Note 6(s))		502	-	89	-
2322	Long-term borrowings, current portion (Note 6(i) and Note 6(s))		4,288,433	17	3,304,866	13
2399	Other current liabilities, others		208,776	1	149,601	1
			6,263,321	24	5,117,684	21
	Non-Current liabilities:					
2540	Long-term borrowings (Note 6(i) and Note 6(s))		7,749,697	31	11,561,659	48
2570	Deferred tax liabilities		869,436	4	526,775	2
2580	Non-current lease liabilities (Note 6(1) and Note 6(s))		696	-	168	-
2622	Other payables to related parties (Note 6(s) and Note 7)		-	-	94,389	-
2640	Net defined benefit liabilities, non-current				1,767	
			8,619,829	35	12,184,758	50
	Total liabilities		14,883,150	59	17,302,442	71
	Equity attributable to owners of parent (Note 6(0)):					
3110	Ordinary shares		3,692,671	15	3,292,671	14
3200	Capital surplus		3,044,890	12	2,642,041	11
	Retained earnings :					
3310	Legal reserve		257,180	1	56,909	-
3320	Special reserve		1,143,072	5	-	-
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings (accumulated deficit)		2,031,323	8	2,002,718	8
			3,431,575	14	2,059,627	8
3400	Other equity interests		(43,174)	-	(1,143,073)	(5)
	Total equity attributable to owners of parent:		10,125,962	41	6,851,266	28
36XX	Non-controlling interests (Note 6(e))	_	73,919		168,589	1
	Total equity	_	10,199,881	41	7,019,855	29
	Total liabilities and equity	\$	25,083,031	100	24,322,297	100

Total assets

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) SHIH WEI NAVIGATION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

		2022		2021	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
	Operating Revenues (Note 6(q) and Note 7):				
4300	Rental revenue	\$ 6,470,523	96	5,370,865	97
4800	Other operating revenue	245,290	4	161,854	3
	Operating revenue, net	6,715,813	100	5,532,719	100
5000	Operating costs (Note 6(m) and Note 7)	3,545,284	53	2,949,779	53
	Gross profit from operations	3,170,529	47	2,582,940	47
6200	Administrative expenses (Note 6(m) and Note 6(r))	341,786	5	311,796	6
	Net operating income	2,828,743	42	2,271,144	41
	Non-operating income and expenses :				
7100	Interest income	69,282	1	1,060	-
7190	Other income	109,628	2	100,616	2
7225	Gains on disposals of investments	502	-	246	-
7230	Foreign exchange (losses) gains	(201,815)	(3)	42,575	1
7235	Gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(2,619)	-	465	-
7370	Shares of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity	(2,251)	-	-	-
7510	method	(405.050)	(0)		(-)
7510	Interest expense	(405,979)	(6)	(267,941)	(5)
7590	Other expenses	(35,649)	(1)	(16,014)	(1)
7610	Losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment	71,155		179,523	3
	Total non-operating income and expenses	(397,746)	$\frac{(6)}{26}$	40,530	- 41
7050	Profit from continuing operations before tax	2,430,997	36	2,311,674	41
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(n)) Profit	<u>497,025</u> 1,933,972	$\frac{7}{29}$	<u> </u>	$\frac{7}{34}$
8300		1,933,972	29	1,913,311	34
8300	Other comprehensive income :				
8510	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	2,300	-	261	-
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will	460	-	52	-
	not be reclassified to profit or loss				
	·	1,840	-	209	-
8360	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified				
	to profit or loss				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	1,099,899	17	(184,414)	(3)
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will		-		-
	be reclassified to profit or loss				
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	1,099,899	17	(184,414)	(3)
	profit or loss	1 101 500			
8300	Other comprehensive income	1,101,739	17	(184,205)	(3)
	Total comprehensive income	\$ <u>3,035,711</u>	46	1,729,106	31
0(10	Profit (loss), attributable to:	¢ 2,029,(42	20	2 002 500	25
8610	Owners of parent	\$ 2,028,642	30	2,002,509	35
8620	Non-controlling interests	(94,670)	<u>(1)</u>	(89,198)	<u>(1)</u>
	Comprehensive income (less) ettributable to	\$ <u>1,933,972</u>	29	1,913,311	34
9710	Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: Owners of parent	¢ 2 1 2 0 2 0 1	17	1,818,304	22
8710 8720	Non-controlling interests	\$ 3,130,381 (94,670)	47 (1)	(89,198)	33 (2)
0/20	ivon-controlling interests				$\frac{(2)}{31}$
		\$ <u>3,035,711</u>	46	1,729,106	
	Basic earnings per share (Note 6(p))	\$	6.08		7.16
	Diluted earnings per share (Note 6(p))	\$	6.04		7.14

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) SHIH WEI NAVIGATION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				E	quity attributable	to owners of parer	nt				
	s	share capital			Retained	annings		Total other equity interest			
	2	mare capital			Ketaineu	earnings		Exchange			
								differences on			
		Outinen				Unappropriated retained	Total retained	translation of	Total equity attributable to	Non-controlling	
		Ordinary shares	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	earnings	earnings	foreign financial statements	owners of parent	interests	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$	2,792,671	1,489,164	1,479,818		(1,422,909)	56,909	(958,659)		111,287	3,491,372
Profit (loss)		-	-	-	-	2,002,509	2,002,509	-	2,002,509	(89,198)	1,913,311
Other comprehensive income	_	-				209	209	(184,414)	(184,205)		(184,205)
Total comprehensive income	_	-				2,002,718	2,002,718	(184,414)	1,818,304	(89,198)	1,729,106
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:											
Legal reserve used to offset accumulated deficits		-	-	(1,422,909)) -	1,422,909	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of shares		500,000	1,140,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,640,000	-	1,640,000
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		-	3,500	-	-	-	-	-	3,500	(3,500)	-
Share-based payments		-	9,377	-	-	-	-	-	9,377	-	9,377
Changes in non-controlling interests	_	-								150,000	150,000
Balance at December 31, 2021 Profit (loss)		3,292,671	2,642,041	56,909	-	2,002,718 2,028,642	2,059,627 2,028,642	(1,143,073)	6,851,266 2,028,642	168,589 (94,670)	7,019,855 1,933,972
Other comprehensive income		-				1,840	1,840	1,099,899	1,101,739		1,101,739
Total comprehensive income	_	-				2,030,482	2,030,482	1,099,899	3,130,381	(94,670)	3,035,711
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:											
Legal reserve appropriated		-	-	200,271	-	(200,271)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve appropriated		-	-	-	1,143,072	(1,143,072)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary shares		-	-	-	-	(658,534)	(658,534)) -	(658,534)) –	(658,534)
Issue of shares		400,000	400,000	-	-	-	-	-	800,000	-	800,000
Share-based payments	_	-	2,849						2,849		2,849
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	3,692,671	3,044,890	257,180	1,143,072	2,031,323	3,431,575	(43,174)	10,125,962	73,919	10,199,881

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese) SHIH WEI NAVIGATION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2022	2021
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:	¢	2 420 007	2 211 (74
Profit before tax Adjustments:	\$	2,430,997	2,311,674
Adjustments to reconcile profit:			
Depreciation expenses		1,388,070	1,299,283
Amortization expenses		1,088	806
Net losses on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		2,619	(465)
Interest expenses		405,979	267,941
Interest income		(69,282)	(1,060)
Dividend income		(572)	(1,000)
Share-based payments		2,849	9,377
Shares of losses of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method		2,251	-
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(71,155)	(179,523)
Gains on disposal of investments		-	(246)
Total adjustments to reconcile profit		1,661,847	1,396,096
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		1,001,017	1,000,000
Net gains on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(3,331)	(7,934)
Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable		2,852	(3,045)
Increase in inventories		(15,491)	(18,606)
Increase in other current assets		(71,883)	(3,792)
Increase in accounts payable		36,671	15,966
Increase in other payables		138,601	103,837
Increase in other current liabilities		48,127	57,682
Decrease in net defined benefit liabilities		(948)	(944)
Total adjustments		1,796,445	1,539,260
Cash inflow generated from operations		4,227,442	3,850,934
Interest received		67,854	666
Interest paid		(498,583)	(271,103)
Income taxes paid		(35)	(230)
Net cash flows from operating activities		3,796,678	3,580,267
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:			
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method		(30,000)	-
Proceeds from disposal of non-current assets classified as held for sale		-	192,349
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(364,291)	(194,652)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		207,725	280,090
Decrease in refundable deposits		115,472	132,978
Acquisition of intangible assets		(1,619)	(762)
Decrease in other financial assets		22,492	91,316
Increase in prepayments equipment		(8,754)	(12,761)
Dividends received		572	17
Net cash flows from investing activities		(58,403)	488,575
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:			
Decrease in short-term loans		(213,295)	(635,710)
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable		60,000	-
Proceeds from long-term debt		280,010	680,000
Repayments of long-term debt		(4,320,054)	(487,846)
Increase in guarantee deposits received		-	(13)
Increase (decrease) in other payables to related parties		109,073	(513,892)
Payments of lease liabilities		(594)	(384)
Cash dividends paid		(658,534)	-
Proceeds from issuing shares		800,000	1,640,000
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(3,943,394)	682,155
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		497,769	(42,606)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		292,650	4,708,391
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		5,082,169	373,778
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	5,374,819	5,082,169

Item 2 Proposed by the Board

Proposal: Ratification of the proposal for 2022 earnings distribution. Explanation: The 2022 earnings distribution statement is provided as follows:

SHIH WEI NAVIGATION CO., LTD

EARNINGS DISTRIBUTION TABLE

2022

Item	Amount	Remarks
Undistributed profits at the beginning of the period	840,952	
Add:		
2022 net profit after tax	2,028,642,465	
Actuarial losses on the benefit plan of the year recognized in retained earnings	1,840,053	
Reversal of retained special reserve from before	1,099,897,477	
Less:		
Allocation of statutory surplus reserve (Note 1)	(203,048,252)	
Distributable surplus available	2,928,172,695	
Less:		
Distribution items:		
Shareholder dividends - cash	(553,900,635)	NT\$1.5/share
Undistributed profits at the end of the period	2,374,272,060	

Note 1: Statutory surplus reserve: 2,030,482,518*10% ≒203,048,252

Resolution:

IV. Election Matters

Item 1 Proposed by the Board

Proposal: Election of the Board of Directors.

- Explanation: I. Upon the expiry of the Directors' terms of office, the Board of Directors resolved that seven Directors (including four Independent Directors) will be elected at this Annual Shareholders' Meeting. The terms of office of the Directors to be elected shall be three years, commencing on June 28, 2023 and expiring on June 27, 2026.
 - II. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, directors shall be elected by adopting candidate nomination system and nomination and election of the directors shall be conducted in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations. Shareholders shall elect the directors from the nominated candidates. The academic background, experience, and relevant information of the nominated candidates are as the following:

				1
Types of	Name	Shareholding	Major Education & Experience	Major Current
Nominee		(Note)		Positions
Director	Lan, Shin-Chyi	31,941,267	President, Oceanlance Maritime	President, Shih Wei
	(Representative		Co., Ltd.	Navigation Co., Ltd.
	Of Luo Pan		Vice President, Shih Wei	Director, CR
	Investment Corp.)		Navigation Co., Ltd.	Classification
			Bidsted & Co. A/S	Society
			Department of Merchant	Director, The
				Britannia Steam Ship
			Bachelor Degree in Merchant	Insurance
			Marine, National Taiwan Ocean	Association Europe
			University	Member, Bureau
				Veritas Asia &
				Australia Committee
				Meeting
				ClassNK
				Member of Taiwan
				Committee
Director	Lan, Pei-Ching	31,941,267	Senior Manager, Finance	Chairwoman &
	(Representative of		Department, Shih Wei	CEO, Dancewoods
	Luo Pan		Navigation Co., Ltd.	Hotels and Resorts
	Investment Corp.)			Co., LTD
			EMBA of National	

			Taiwan University,	
			Taiwan	
			Master Degree in Finance and	
			Business Administration ,	
			University of Illinois,	
			Urbana-Champaign	
Director	Kuo, Cheng-Yu	55,895	Director, Biggin Shipping Corp	Director,, Sales &
Director	Kuo, Cheng-Tu	55,675	Executive Assistant to	Marketing
			President, Triad Marine Corp.	Department, China
			-	-
			Master Degree in Finance and	Television Company
			Marketing, University of	
x 1 1 .			Rochester, New York	
Independent	Chang, Tsang-Yao	0	Director of Ph. D Feng Chia	Director of Ph. D
Director			University Master Program in	Feng Chia University
			Finance	Master Program in
			Ph. D in economics, Utah State	Finance
			University	
Independent	Ding, Yun-Kai	0	Senior Consultant,	Senior Consultant,
Director			Ding & Ding Law Offices	Ding & Ding Law
			Master Degree in Laws,	Offices
			Soochow University, School Of	
			Law	
Independent	Chou, Chen-Shing	0	Director & Vice President,	Executive Director,
Director			Sumitomo Corporation Taiwan	Jubilee Education
			Ltd.	Foundation
			Associate Degree in Mining	
			and Metallurgical Engineering,	
			Provincial Taipei Institute of	
			Technology	
Independent	Shann, Shu-Jiun	0	Director of UOB Asset	CFO, Hoteck INC.
Director			Management Ltd.	Supervisor, Inc
			Executive Assistant to	Xinxiyue Co., Ltd.
			Chairman/ Deputy	Supervisor , Topco
			Spokesperson, PharmaDax Inc	Engineering Co.,
			EMBA of National Taiwan	Ltd.
			University, Taiwan	
			Master Degree in Finance,	
			Baruch College, The City	
			University of New York	

Resolution:

V. Matters for Discussion

Item 1 Proposed by the Board

Proposal: Discussion to approve the lifting of director of non-competition Restrictions. Please proceed to discuss.

- Explanation: I. If new directors elected in this shareholders' meeting are engaged in the investment or operation of a business entity whose scope of business is similar to that of the Company and acts as a director thereof, we request that the directors be released from the prohibition on participation in competitive business in accordance with Article 209 of the Company Act, provided that such waiver will not infringe upon the interests of the Company.
 - II. If a Company's director is reassigned as the legal representative due to business demand, then the prohibition on said director from participation in competitive business is released.
 - III. The Directors' concurrent roles in other entities are as follows:

Name	Released restriction items
Lan, Shin-Chyi	 Director, CR Classification Society Director, The Britannia Steam Ship Insurance Association Europe Member, Bureau Veritas Asia & Australia Committee Meeting Member, ClassNK of Taiwan Committee

Resolution:

Item 2 Proposed by the Board

Proposal: Amendment to the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings". Please proceed to discuss.

Explanation: 1. Proposal for the amendment of the Company's "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings" in accordance with Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation's Letter No. 1120004167 dated Mar 17, 2023.

Article	After amendment	Before amendment	Explanation of the amendment
Article 3	Unless otherwise provided by	Unless otherwise provided by	Amended in
	law or regulation, this Corporation's	law or regulation, this Corporation's	accordance
	shareholders meetings shall be	shareholders meetings shall be	with the
	convened by the board of directors.	convened by the board of directors.	"Sample
	The hosting of video conference	The following is omitted.	Template for
	shareholders' meetings by the		XXX Co.,

2. The comparison table of amended articles is as follows:

Article	After amendment	Before amendment	Explanation of the amendment
	Company shall be regulated		Ltd. Rules of
	otherwise in Regulations Governing		Procedure for
	the Administration of Shareholder		Shareholders"
	Services of Public Companies,		
	clearly stated in the Articles of		
	Incorporation, and approved by the		
	Board of Directors. The video		
	conference shareholders' meeting		
	shall also be decided by a majority		
	vote in a Board meeting with at least		
	two thirds of directors in attendance,		
	and the decision shall be reported		
	during a shareholders' meeting.		
	The following is omitted.		
Article 6-1	To convene a virtual shareholders'	To convene a virtual shareholders'	The reasons
	meeting, this Corporation shall	meeting, this Corporation shall	for the
	include the follow particulars in the	include the follow particulars in the	amendment
	shareholders' meeting notice:	shareholders' meeting notice:	are the same
	I.How shareholders attend the	I. How shareholders attend the	as those
	virtual meeting and exercise	virtual meeting and exercise	explained in
	their rights.	their rights.	Article 3
	II. Actions to be taken if the virtual	II. Actions to be taken if the virtual	
	meeting platform or participation	meeting platform or participation	
	in the virtual meeting is	in the virtual meeting is	
	obstructed due to natural	obstructed due to natural	
	disasters, accidents or other	disasters, accidents or other	
	force majeure events, at least	force majeure events, at least	
	covering the following	covering the following	
	particulars:	particulars:	
	(I) To what time the meeting is	(I) To what time the meeting is	
	postponed or from what time	postponed or from what time	
	the meeting will resume if the	the meeting will resume if the	
	above obstruction continues	above obstruction continues	
	and cannot be removed, and the	and cannot be removed, and the	
	date to which the meeting is	date to which the meeting is	
	postponed or on which the	postponed or on which the	
	meeting will resume.	meeting will resume.	

Article	After amendment	Before amendment	Explanation of the amendment
	(II) Shareholders not having	(II) Shareholders not having	
	registered to attend the	registered to attend the affected	
	affected shareholders' meeting	shareholders' meeting by video	
	by video conference shall not	conference shall not attend the	
	attend the postponed or	postponed or resumed session.	
	resumed session.	(III) In case of a shareholders'	
	(III) In case of a shareholders'	meeting with video	
	meeting with video	conferencing, when the video	
	conferencing, when the video	conferencing cannot be	
	conferencing cannot be	continued, if the total number	
	continued, if the total number	of shares represented at the	
	of shares represented at the	meeting, after deducting those	
	meeting, after deducting those	represented by shareholders	
	represented by shareholders	attending the shareholders'	
	attending the shareholders'	meeting by video conferencing,	
	meeting by video conferencing,	meets the minimum legal	
	meets the minimum legal	requirement for a shareholder	
	requirement for a shareholder	meeting, then the shareholders'	
	meeting, then the	meeting shall continue. The	
	shareholders' meeting shall	shares represented by	
	continue. The shares	shareholders attending the	
	represented by shareholders	meeting by video conferencing	
	attending the meeting by video	shall be counted towards the	
	conferencing shall be counted	total number of shares	
	towards the total number of	represented by shareholders	
	shares represented by	present at the meeting, and the	
	shareholders present at the	shareholders attending the	
	meeting, and the shareholders	meeting by video conferencing	
	attending the meeting by video	shall be deemed abstaining	
	conferencing shall be deemed	from voting on all proposals on	
	abstaining from voting on all	meeting agenda of that	
	proposals on meeting agenda	shareholders' meeting.	
	of that shareholders' meeting.	(IV) Actions to be taken if the	
	(IV) Actions to be taken if the	outcome of all proposals has	
	outcome of all proposals has	been announced and	
	been announced and	extraordinary motion has not	
	extraordinary motion has not	been carried out.	

Article	After amendment	Before amendment	Explanation of the amendment
	been carried out.	III. To convene a virtual-only	
	III. To convene a virtual-only	shareholders' meeting,	
	shareholders' meeting,	appropriate alternative	
	appropriate alternative	measures available to	
	measures available to	shareholders with difficulties in	
	shareholders with difficulties in	attending a virtual	
	attending a virtual shareholders'	shareholders' meeting online	
	meeting online shall be	shall be specified.	
	specified. In addition to the		
	conditions stated in Article 44,		
	Paragraph 9, Item 6 of the		
	Regulations Governing the		
	Administration of Shareholder		
	Services of Public Companies,		
	shareholders shall at least be		
	provided with connection		
	equipment and necessary		
	assistance, and the period		
	during which shareholders may		
	submit a request to the		
	Company and other relevant		
	issues shall be specified.		
Article 22	When convening a virtual-only	When convening a virtual-only	The reasons
	shareholders' meeting, this	shareholders' meeting, this	for the
	Corporation shall provide appropriate	Corporation shall provide	amendment
	alternative measures available to	appropriate alternative measures	are the same
	shareholders with difficulties in	available to shareholders with	as those
	attending a virtual shareholders'	difficulties in attending a virtual	explained in
	meeting online.	shareholders' meeting online.	Article 3
	In addition to the conditions stated	C C	
	in Article 44, Paragraph 9, Item 6 of		
	the Regulations Governing the		
	Administration of Shareholder		
	Services of Public Companies,		
	shareholders shall at least be provided		
	with connection equipment and		
	necessary assistance, and the period		

Article	After amendment	Before amendment	Explanation of the amendment
	during which shareholders may submit		
	a request to the Company and other		
	relevant issues shall be specified.		

Resolution:

Extraordinary Motions

Adjournment

VI. Appendix (1) Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd. Articles of Incorporation

Chapter 1. General Provisions

- Article 1: The Company is organized pursuant to the provisions of a company limited by shares under the Company Act. It is named "四維航業股份有限公司" and its name in English is "Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd.".
- Article 2: The Company engages in the following businesses:
 - 1. G401011 Shipping agency services.
 - 2. G301011 Ship transportation.
 - 3. F114060 Wholesale of ship and component parts.
 - 4. F214060 Retail sale of ship and component parts thereof.
 - 5. ZZ99999 All business items that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those subject to special approval.
- Article 3: The Company shall be exempt from the restrictions on total investment amount for not exceeding forty percent of the paid-up capital. The Company may provide external endorsements and guarantees.
- Article 4: The Company's headquarters is located in Taipei City. The Company may set up branch offices in locations and important ports in Taiwan or foreign countries as resolved by the Board of Directors, if necessary.
- Article 5: Deleted.

Chapter 2. Shares

- Article 6: The Company's total capital is NT\$5 billion divided into 500 million shares with a par value of NT\$10 per share. The Board of Directors is authorized to issue the unissued shares in installments if deemed necessary.
- Article 7: The Company's stocks shall be registered, and signed or sealed by the Director that represents the Company. The stocks shall be issued after the required certification procedures in accordance with the law.
- Article 8: Stocks issued by the Company after the initial public offering are not

required to be printed.

Article 9: Deleted.

Article 10: Deleted.

Article 11: The Company shall contact the centralized securities depository enterprise institution for registration of the share certificates issued by the Company in accordance with the preceding paragraph. The Company's shareholders shall administer stock-related operations in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies" and related regulations and consult the shareholder services agent of the Company.

Chapter 3. Shareholders' Meeting

- Article 12: Title transfer and registration of stocks shall be suspended within 60 days before the annual general shareholders' meeting is held, within thirty days before a shareholders' provisional meeting is held, or within 5 days before the base date for distribution of stock dividends and bonuses or other benefits determined by the Company.
- Article 13: The company holds two types of shareholders' meetings: annual general meetings and extraordinary shareholders' meetings.
 - 1. The annual general meeting is convened at a time no later than six months after the end of the financial year.
 - 2. Extraordinary meetings are held whenever necessary.
- Article 13-1: The Board of Directors may pass a resolution to convene the shareholders' meeting virtually or by other method announced by the central competent authority.

The operational procedures and other compliance matters shall be processed in accordance with the regulations of the competent authority.

Article 14: Notice of the annual general meeting shall be distributed 30 days prior to the meeting date. Notice of the extraordinary shareholders' meeting shall be distributed to shareholders 15 days in advance, which shall include

the date, venue and purpose of the meeting.

- Article 15: Unless otherwise required by regulations, the Company's shareholders' meeting can only be convened with the attendance of shareholders who hold a majority of all issued and outstanding shares of the Company, and the resolutions must be adopted with at least a majority of the votes in attendance.
- Article 16: Each shareholder of the Company shall be entitled to one vote per share.No voting power shall be granted, however, to company shares prescribed in Article 179 of the Company Act.

When the Company convenes a shareholders' meeting, shareholders may exercise their voting rights by correspondence or electronic means. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person,

Where a shareholder cannot attend the shareholders' meeting, the shareholder may appoint a proxy according to the "Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies" established based on Article 177 of the Company Act and Article 25-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

- Article 17: If a shareholders meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the chair shall be appointed in accordance with Article 208, paragraph 3 of the Company Act. Where a shareholders' meeting is convened by a party with power to convene other than the Board of Directors, the convening party shall chair the meeting. When there are two or more such convening parties, they shall mutually select a chair from among themselves.
- Article 18: Resolutions made during the shareholders' meeting shall be compiled into meeting minutes and processed according to Article 183 of the Company Act.

Chapter 4. Directors

Article 19: The Company shall have five to eleven Directors in the Board of

Directors which shall include at least three Independent Directors. The elections of general directors are shall be based on the candidate nomination system. Directors must be elected at the shareholders' meeting from among persons of legal capacity. The term of office shall be three years and Directors are eligible for re-election. The Company may purchase liability insurance for Directors based on a resolution of the meeting of the Board of Directors.

The total shareholding ratio of all directors shall be determined in accordance with the "Rules and Review Procedures for Director and Supervisor Share Ownership Ratios at Public Companies" established based on Article 26, paragraph 2 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

- Article 19-1:The number of Independent Directors of the Company shall be no less than three and no less than one fifth of the total number of Directors. The Company adopts a nomination system for elections. Independent supervisors shall be elected from among the nominees in the shareholders' meeting. With respect to professional qualifications, shareholdings, restrictions on taking part-time jobs, nomination, election/appointment and other compliance-related requirements for Independent Directors, the Company shall follow the relevant regulations announced by the competent authority in charge of the securities industry.
- Article 19-2:The Company may establish functional committees such as the Audit Committee. The charter of the committees and the exercise of their powers shall be implemented after approval in a meeting of the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee shall consist of all Independent Directors, and the supervisor system shall be abolished on the date the Audit Committee is established.
- Article 20: The Board of Directors shall elect a Chairperson from among the Directors by a majority vote at a meeting attended by over two thirds of the directors.

- Article 21: The Chairperson of the Board of Directors shall internally preside over the shareholders' meeting and the meeting of the Board of Directors. The Chairperson shall also shall externally represent the Company and organize all business operations.
- Article 22: The powers of the Board of Directors are as follows:
 - 1. Making decisions on business policies and plans.
 - 2. Approval of the Articles of Incorporation.
 - 3. Approval of the budget and final accounts.
 - 4. Formulation of proposals on earnings distribution.
 - 5. Appointment and dismissal of the manager and representative.
 - 6. Guidance and supervision of business operations.
 - 7. Other tasks required by law.
- Article 23: A meeting of the Board of Directors must be convened at least once every three months.

Directors shall be notified of board meetings seven days prior to the meeting with the reason indicated. However, meetings can be held in shorter notices in case of emergency, or with the request of more than half of the Directors. Notifications of board meetings may be in writing or via fax or email.

With regard to board meetings specified in the preceding paragraph, the first meeting of the Board of Directors for each term shall be convened in accordance with Article 203 of the Company Act. All other board meetings shall be convened and chaired by the Chairperson.

Article 24: Except where otherwise provided in the Company Act, the passage of a proposal at a board meeting shall require the approval of a majority of the Directors in attendance at a board meeting attended by a majority of all Directors. Resolutions shall be signed or sealed by the chair and retained at the Company. If a Director is unable to attend a meeting, he/she may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by completing the company's proxy forms for each meeting and specifying the scope of

delegation.

Each proxy may only represent one absent director.

If a meeting of the Board of Directors is held by video conference, all Directors attending the video conference shall be deemed to have attended the meeting in person.

Chapter 5. Deleted

- Article 25: Deleted.
- Article 26: Deleted.

Chapter 6. Managers and Employees

Article 27: Deleted.

Article 28: The Company may appoint managers whose appointment, dismissal and remuneration shall be processed in accordance with Article 29 of the Company Act.

The Company may appoint a President, Chief Executive Officer, Deputy Chief Executive Officer, and a number of consultants based on resolutions of board meeting.

- Article 29: Deleted.
- Article 30: The Company Directors and other shareholders responsible for business execution may receive transportation allowances or salary. The Board of Directors is authorized to determine the transportation allowances or salary based on prevailing rates in the industry. The transportation allowances or salary must be paid regardless of whether the Company records a profit or a loss.

Article 30-1:Deleted.

Chapter 7. Accounting

Article 31: At the end of each fiscal year, the Board of Directors shall review the accounts submitted by the finance department and prepare the following documents, which shall be delivered to the Audit Committee for review 30 days before a general shareholders' meeting is convened. The Audit Committee may also appoint a CPA to perform the audit and file a report

to the shareholders' meeting for ratification.

- 1. Business reports.
- 2. Financial statements.
- 3. Proposals for distribution of earnings or make-up of deficit.
- Article 32: In case the Company makes a profit in the current year (profits refer to income before tax and before the distribution of remuneration to the employees and Directors), no less than 2% shall be allocated as the employees' remuneration and no more than 5% as the Directors' remuneration. However, if the Company has accumulated losses (including adjustment on non-distributed earnings), the Company shall set aside a part of the surplus profit first for making up the losses.

The aforementioned employee remuneration may be distributed in stocks or cash and the Directors' remuneration may only be distributed in cash. The procedures in the two preceding paragraphs must be approved by the Board of Directors and reported to the shareholders' meeting.

Any net profit after tax in the final accounts of the Company for the fiscal year shall be allocated to make up for cumulative losses (including adjustments for undistributed earnings) and the Company shall set aside 10% of the earnings as statutory surplus reserve. However, this requirement shall not apply if the cumulative statutory surplus reserve has reached the Company's total paid-up capital. In addition, a special reserve shall be set aside or reversed pursuant to the laws or regulations of the competent authority. The Board of Directors shall draft an earnings distribution proposal regarding the remainder of the surplus as well as accumulated undistributed earnings at the beginning of the period (including adjusted and undistributed earnings) for approval at the shareholders' meeting to allocate dividends and bonuses to shareholders. The Board of Directors shall distribute the dividends, bonuses, capital reserve, and statutory surplus reserve, in part or in whole, in cash after a resolution by a majority in a meeting attended by at least two thirds of

the Directors. Such resolution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting and the requirement for a resolution in a shareholders' meeting in the preceding paragraph shall not apply.

Article 32-1:In response to the competition in the sea freight market, the Company's dividend distribution policy shall be focused on maintaining the soundness of the Company's long-term financial and the growth and expansion of future operations. The Company shall prioritize the retention of funding necessary for operations and expansion before distributing the remaining earnings in the form of cash dividends or stock dividends. Cash dividends shall not be lower than 10% of total dividends.

Chapter 8. Appendices

- Article 33: The organizational regulations and enforcement rules of the Company shall be established separately by the Board of Directors.The establishment and amendment of the Articles of Incorporation shall require a resolution passed by the shareholders' meeting in accordance with Article 277 of the Company Act.
- Article 34: Any matters that are not addressed in the Articles of Incorporation shall be governed by the Company Act and other relevant regulations.
- Article 35: The Articles of Incorporation were established on February 28, 1985. The 1st amendment was on March 27, 1986. The 2nd amendment was on December 10, 1986. The 3rd amendment was on March 14, 1992. The 4th amendment was on February 25, 1993. The 5th amendment was on January 1, 1994. The 5th amendment was on March 1, 1994. The 6th amendment was on March 1, 1994. The 7th amendment was on June 20, 1994. The 8th amendment was on November 25, 1996. The 9th amendment was on May 19, 1997. The 10th amendment was on April 30, 1998.

The 11th amendment was on July 3, 2000. The 12th amendment was on June 14, 2001. The 13th amendment was on June 25, 2002. The 14th amendment was on June 24, 2003. The 15th amendment was on May 28, 2004. The 15th amendment was on April 26, 2005. The 16th amendment was on June 23, 2006. The 17th amendment was on June 23, 2007. The 18th amendment was on June 27, 2007. The 19th amendment was on June 19, 2009. The 20th amendment was on June 18, 2010. The 21st amendment was on June 28, 2012. The 22nd amendment was on June 28, 2014. The 23rd amendment was on June 28, 2016. The 24rd amendment was on June 28, 2017. The 25rd amendment was on June 21, 2022.

Appendix (2)

Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholder Meetings

Passed in the general shareholders' meeting on May 19, 1997

The 1st amendment was on June 25, 2002

The 2nd amendment was on April 26, 2005.

The 3rd amendment was on June 24, 2020.

The 4th amendment was on Aug 26, 2021

The 5th amendment was on Jun 21, 2022

- Article 1. To establish a strong governance system and sound supervisory capabilities for this Corporation's shareholders meetings, and to strengthen management capabilities, these Rules are adopted pursuant to Article 5 of the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies.
- Article 2. The rules of procedures for this Corporation's shareholders meetings, except as otherwise provided by law, regulation, or the articles of incorporation, shall be as provided in these Rules.
- Article 3. Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, this Corporation's shareholders meetings shall be convened by the board of directors. Changes to the method for convening the shareholders' meeting of the Company shall require a resolution of the Board of Directors, and the change must be implemented before the meeting notices are sent. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders' meeting notice and proxy forms, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for deliberation, or the election or dismissal of directors and upload them to the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) 30 days before the date of a general shareholders' meeting or 15 days before the date of a special shareholders' meeting. This Corporation shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders' meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and upload them to the MOPS 21 days before the date of the General

Shareholders' Meeting or 15 days before the date of the special shareholders' meeting. However, in the case that this Company's has a paid-in capital reaching NT\$10 billion or more as of the last day of the most recent fiscal year, or in which the aggregate shareholding percentage of foreign investors and Mainland Chinese investors reached 30% or more as recorded in the shareholders' register at the time of holding of the General Shareholders' Meeting in the most recent fiscal year, it shall upload the aforesaid electronic file by 30 days prior to the day on which the General Shareholders' Meeting is to be held. In addition, 15 days before the date of the shareholders' meeting, this Corporation shall also have prepared the shareholders' meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The meeting agenda and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at this Corporate shall make the meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials in the preceding paragraph available to shareholders for review in the following manner on the date of the shareholders' meeting:

- I. For physical shareholders' meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting.
- II. For hybrid shareholders' meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting and shared on the virtual meeting platform.
- III. For virtual-only shareholders' meetings, electronic files shall be shared on the virtual meeting platform.

The reasons for convening a shareholders meeting shall be specified in the meeting notice and public announcement. With the consent of the addressee, the meeting notice may be given in electronic form.

Matters pertaining to election or discharge of Directors, alteration of the Articles of Incorporation, reduction of capital, application for the approval of ceasing its status as a public company, approval of competing with the company by directors, surplus profit distributed in the form of new shares, reserve distributed in the form of new shares, dissolution, merger, spin-off, or any matters as set forth in Article 185, Paragraph 1 of the Company Act, Article 26-1, Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act, and Article 56-1 and Article 60-2 of the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers shall be itemized in the causes or subjects to be described and the essential contents shall be explained in the notice to convene a meeting of shareholders, and shall not be brought up as special motions. Where re-election of all directors as well as their inauguration date is stated in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders meeting, after the completion of the re-election in said meeting such inauguration date may not be altered by any extraordinary motion or otherwise in the same meeting.

A shareholder holding one percent or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to this Corporation a written proposal for discussion at a regular shareholders meeting. The number of items so proposed, however, is limited to one only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda, In addition, when the circumstances of any subparagraph of Article 172-1, paragraph 4 of the Company Act apply to a proposal put forward by a shareholder, the board of directors may exclude it from the agenda. Shareholders may submit proposals for urging the Company to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities. The procedures shall be based on related regulations in Article 172-1 of the Company Act. Each shareholder may only submit one proposal. If a shareholder submits more than one proposal, the proposal shall not be included in the agenda.

Prior to the book closure date before a regular shareholders meeting is held, this Corporation shall publicly announce its acceptance of shareholder proposals in writing or electronically, and the location and time period for their submission; the period for submission of shareholder proposals may not be less than 10 days.

Shareholder-submitted proposals are limited to 300 words, and no proposal containing more than 300 words will be included in the meeting agenda. The shareholder making the proposal shall be present in person or by proxy at the regular shareholders meeting and take part in discussion of the proposal.

Prior to the date for issuance of notice of a shareholders meeting, this Corporation shall inform the shareholders who submitted proposals of the proposal screening results, and shall list in the meeting notice the proposals that conform to the provisions of this article. At the shareholders meeting the board of directors shall explain the reasons for exclusion of any shareholder proposals not included in the agenda.

Article 4. For each shareholders meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by this Corporation and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization.

A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders meeting, and shall deliver the proxy form to this Corporation five days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous proxy appointment.

After a proxy form has been delivered to this Corporation, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to this Corporation two business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

After a proxy form has been delivered to this Corporation, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting virtually or to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to this Corporation before two business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

Article 5. Shareholders' meetings shall be held at locations that are suitable and convenient for shareholders to attend. Meetings shall not begin earlier than 9 AM or later than 3 PM. Full consideration shall be given to the opinions of the independent directors with respect to the place and time of the meeting.

The restrictions on the place of the meeting shall not apply when this Corporation convenes a virtual-only shareholders' meeting.

Article 6. This Corporation shall specify in its shareholders meeting notices the time during which attendance registrations for shareholders, solicitors and proxies (collectively

"shareholders") will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention.

The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at which attendance registrations are accepted shall be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable personnel assigned to handle the registrations. For virtual shareholders' meetings, shareholders may begin to register on the virtual meeting platform 30 minutes before the meeting starts. Shareholders completing registration will be deemed as attend the shareholders' meeting in person.

Shareholders shall attend shareholders' meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. This Corporation may not arbitrarily add requirements for other documents beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented by shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification.

Attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

This Corporation shall furnish attending shareholders with the meeting agenda book, annual report, attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and other meeting materials. Where there is an election of directors or supervisors, pre-printed ballots shall also be furnished.

When the government or a juristic person is a shareholder, it may be represented by more than one representative at a shareholders' meeting. When a juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting.

In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, shareholders wishing to attend the meeting online shall register with this Corporation two days before the meeting date.

In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, this Corporation shall upload the meeting agenda book, annual report and other meeting materials to the virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes before the meeting starts, and keep this information disclosed until the end of the meeting.

- Article6-1 To convene a virtual shareholders' meeting, this Corporation shall include the follow particulars in the shareholders' meeting notice:
 - I. How shareholders attend the virtual meeting and exercise their rights.
 - II. Actions to be taken if the virtual meeting platform or participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, at least covering the following particulars:
 - (I) To what time the meeting is postponed or from what time the meeting will resume if the above obstruction continues and cannot be removed, and the date to which the meeting is postponed or on which the meeting will resume.
 - (II) Shareholders not having registered to attend the affected shareholders' meeting by video conference shall not attend the postponed or resumed session.
 - (III) In case of a shareholders' meeting with video conferencing, when the video conferencing cannot be continued, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the shareholders' meeting by video conferencing, meets the minimum legal requirement for a shareholder meeting, then the shareholders' meeting shall continue. The shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting by video conferencing by video conferencing shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by shareholders present at the meeting, and the shareholders attending the meeting by video conferencing shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on meeting agenda of that shareholders' meeting.
 - (IV) Actions to be taken if the outcome of all proposals has been announced and extraordinary motion has not been carried out.
 - III. To convene a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual shareholders' meeting online shall be specified.
- Article 7. If the shareholders' meeting is convened by the board, the Chairperson of the board shall preside over the meeting. If the Chairperson is unable to perform his duties due to leave of absence or for any other reason, the Chairperson shall designate a Director to

act on the Chairperson's behalf. Where the Chairperson does not make such a designation, the directors shall select from among themselves one person to serve as chair.

When a director serves as chair, as referred to in the preceding paragraph, the director shall be one who has held that position for six months or more and understands the financial and business conditions of this Corporation. The same shall be true for a representative of a juristic person director that serves as chair.

It is advisable that shareholders meetings convened by the board of directors be chaired by the chairperson of the board in person and attended by a majority of the directors and at least one member of each functional committee on behalf of the committee. The attendance shall be recorded in the meeting minutes.

If a shareholders meeting is convened by a party with power to convene but other than the board of directors, the convening party shall chair the meeting. When there are two or more such convening parties, they shall mutually select a chair from among themselves.

This Corporation may appoint its attorneys, certified public accountants, or related persons retained by it to attend a shareholders meeting in a non-voting capacity.

Article 8. This Corporation, beginning from the time it accepts shareholder attendance registrations, shall make an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the registration procedure, the proceedings of the shareholders meeting, and the voting and vote counting procedures.

The recorded materials of the preceding paragraph shall be retained for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

Where a shareholders' meeting is held online, this Corporation shall keep records of shareholder registration, sign-in, check-in, questions raised, votes cast and results of votes counted by this Corporation, and continuously audio and video record, without interruption, the proceedings of the virtual meeting from beginning to end.

The information and audio and video recording in the preceding paragraph shall be

properly kept by this Corporation during the entirety of its existence, and copies of the audio and video recording shall be provided to and kept by the party appointed to handle matters of the virtual meeting.

In case of a virtual shareholders' meeting, this Corporation is advised to audio and video record the back-end operation interface of the virtual meeting platform. Without the approval of this Corporation, shareholders may not record or reproduce, publish, transmit, or disseminate the audio or video files through other methods.

Article 9. Attendance at shareholders' meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards handed in, and the shares checked in on the virtual meeting platform, plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically.

> The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time, and announce related information including the number of shares without voting rights and the number of shares in attendance at the same time.

> However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than one hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned. In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, this Corporation shall also declare the meeting adjourned at the virtual meeting platform.

If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, Paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within one month. In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, shareholders intending to attend the meeting online shall re-register to this Corporation in accordance with Article 6.

When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article 10. If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the meeting agenda shall be set by the Board of Directors. Votes shall be cast on each separate proposal in the agenda (including extraordinary motions and amendments to the original proposals set out in the agenda). The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, which may not be changed without a resolution of the shareholders meeting.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply mutatis mutandis to a shareholders' meeting convened by a party with the power to convene that is not the Board of Directors.

The chair may not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the meeting agenda of the preceding two paragraphs (including extraordinary motions), except by a resolution of the shareholders meeting. If the chair declares the meeting adjourned in violation of the rules of procedure, the other members of the Board of Directors shall promptly assist the attending shareholders in electing a new chair in accordance with statutory procedures, by agreement of a majority of the votes represented by the attending shareholders, and then continue the meeting.

The chair shall allow ample opportunity during the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals and of amendments or extraordinary motions put forward by the shareholders; when the chair is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chair may announce the discussion closed, call for a vote, and schedule sufficient time for voting.

Article 11. Before speaking, an attending shareholder must specify on a speaker's slip the subject of the speech, his/her shareholder account number (or attendance card number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak will be set by the chair. A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually speak shall be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail. Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder may not speak more than twice on the same proposal, and a single speech may not exceed five minutes. If the

shareholder's speech violates the rules or exceeds the scope of the agenda item, the chair may terminate the speech.

When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders may not speak or interrupt unless they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor; the chair shall stop any violation.

When a juristic person shareholder appoints two or more representatives to attend a shareholders meeting, only one of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal.

After an attending shareholder has spoken, the chair may respond in person or direct relevant personnel to respond.

Where a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, shareholders attending the virtual meeting online may raise questions in writing at the virtual meeting platform from the chairperson declaring the meeting open until the chairperson declaring the meeting adjourned. No more than two questions for the same proposal may be raised. Each question shall contain no more than 200 words. The regulations in paragraphs 1 to 5 do not apply.

As long as questions so raised in accordance with the preceding paragraph are not in violation of the regulations or beyond the scope of a proposal, it is advisable the questions be disclosed to the public at the virtual meeting platform.

Article 12. Voting at a shareholders meeting shall be calculated based the number of shares.

With respect to resolutions of shareholders meetings, the number of shares held by a shareholder with no voting rights shall not be calculated as part of the total number of issued shares.

When a shareholder is an interested party in relation to an agenda item, and there is the

likelihood that such a relationship would prejudice the interests of this Corporation, that shareholder may not vote on that item, and may not exercise voting rights as proxy for any other shareholder.

The number of shares for which voting rights may not be exercised under the preceding paragraph shall not be calculated as part of the voting rights represented by attending shareholders.

With the exception of a trust enterprise or a shareholder services agent approved by the competent securities authority, when one person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more shareholders, the voting rights represented by that proxy may not exceed three percent of the voting rights represented by the total number of issued shares. If that percentage is exceeded, the voting rights in excess of that percentage shall not be included in the calculation.

Article 13. A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, except when the shares are restricted shares or are deemed non-voting shares under Article 179, paragraph 2 of the Company Act.

When this Corporation holds a shareholder meeting, it shall adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic means and may adopt exercise of voting rights by correspondence. When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights with respect to the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting; it is therefore advisable that this Corporation avoid the submission of extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals.

A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means under the preceding paragraph shall deliver a written declaration of intent to this Corporation two days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a declaration is made to cancel the earlier declaration of intent.

After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders meeting in person or online, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to this Corporation, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, two business days before the date of the shareholders meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.

Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in this Corporation's articles of incorporation, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, followed by a poll of the shareholders. After the conclusion of the meeting, on the same day it is held, the results for each proposal, based on the numbers of votes for and against and the number of abstentions, shall be entered into the MOPS.

When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected, and no further voting shall be required. Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of this Corporation.

Vote counting for shareholders meeting proposals or elections shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting, including the statistical tallies of the numbers of votes, shall be announced on-site at the meeting, and a record made of the vote.

When this Corporation convenes a virtual shareholders' meeting, after the chairperson declares the meeting open, shareholders attending the meeting online shall cast votes on proposals and elections on the virtual meeting platform before the chairperson announces the voting session ends or will be deemed abstained from voting.

In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, votes shall be counted at once after the chairperson announces the voting session ends, and results of votes and elections shall be announced immediately.

When this Corporation convenes a hybrid shareholders' meeting, if shareholders who have registered to attend the meeting online in accordance with Article 6 decide to attend the physical shareholders' meeting in person, they shall revoke their registration two days before the shareholders' meeting in the same manner as they registered. If their registration is not revoked within the time limit, they may only attend the shareholders' meeting online.

When shareholders exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, unless they have withdrawn the declaration of intent and attended the shareholders' meeting online, except for extraordinary motions, they may not exercise voting rights on the original proposals or make any amendments to the original proposals or exercise voting rights on amendments to the original proposal.

Article 14. The election of directors at a shareholders meeting shall be held in accordance with the applicable election and appointment rules adopted by this Corporation, and the voting results shall be announced on-site immediately, including the names of those elected as directors and the numbers of votes with which they were elected, as well as the names of those not elected as Directors and the numbers of votes they received.

The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

Article 15. Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the

meeting and a copy distributed to each shareholder within 20 days after the conclusion of the meeting. The meeting minutes may be produced and distributed in electronic form.

This Corporation may distribute the meeting minutes of the preceding paragraph by means of a public announcement made through the MOPS.

The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the chair's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted, and a summary of the deliberations and their voting results (including the number of voting rights), and disclose the number of voting rights won by each candidate in the event of an election of directors. The minutes shall be retained for the duration of the existence of this Corporation.

Where a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, in addition to the particulars to be included in the meeting minutes as described in the preceding paragraph, the start time and end time of the shareholders' meeting, how the meeting is convened, the chair's and secretary's name, and actions to be taken in the event of disruption to the virtual meeting platform or participation in the meeting online due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, and how issues are dealt with shall also be included in the minutes.

When convening a virtual-only shareholder meeting, other than compliance with the requirements in the preceding paragraph, this Corporation shall specify in the meeting minutes alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual-only shareholders' meeting online.

Article 16. On the day of a shareholders' meeting, this Corporation shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation, the number of shares represented by proxies and the number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting by correspondence or electronic means, and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the place of the shareholders' meeting. In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, this Corporation shall upload the above meeting materials to the virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes before the meeting starts, and keep this information disclosed until the end of the meeting.

During this Corporation's virtual shareholders' meeting, when the meeting is called to order, the total number of shares represented at the meeting shall be disclosed on the virtual meeting platform. The same shall apply whenever the total number of shares represented at the meeting and a new tally of votes is released during the meeting. If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (or

GreTai Securities Market) regulations, this Corporation shall upload the content of such resolution to the MOPS within the prescribed time period.

Article 17. Staff handling administrative affairs of a shareholders meeting shall wear identification cards.

The chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to help maintain order at the meeting place. When proctors or security personnel help maintain order at the meeting place, they shall wear an identification card.

At the place of a shareholders meeting, if a shareholder attempts to speak through any device other than the public address equipment set up by this Corporation, the chair may prevent the shareholder from so doing.

When a shareholder violates the rules of procedure and defies the chair's correction, obstructing the proceedings and refusing to heed calls to stop, the chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to escort the shareholder from the meeting.

Article 18. When a meeting is in progress, the chair may announce a break based on time considerations. If a force majeure event occurs, the chair may rule the meeting temporarily suspended and announce a time when, in view of the circumstances, the meeting will be resumed.

If the meeting venue is no longer available for continued use and not all of the items (including extraordinary motions) on the meeting agenda have been addressed, the shareholders meeting may adopt a resolution to resume the meeting at another venue. A resolution may be adopted at a shareholders meeting to defer or resume the meeting within five days in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act.

- Article 19. In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, this Corporation shall disclose real-time results of votes and election immediately after the end of the voting session on the virtual meeting platform according to the regulations, and this disclosure shall continue at least 15 minutes after the chairperson has announced the meeting adjourned.
- Article 20. When this Corporation convenes a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, both the chairperson and secretary shall be in the same location, and the chairperson shall declare the address of their location when the meeting is called to order.
- Article 21. In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, this Corporation may offer a simple connection test to shareholders prior to the meeting, and provide relevant real-time services before and during the meeting to help resolve communication technical issues. In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, when declaring the meeting open, the chairperson shall also declare, unless under a circumstance where a meeting is not required to be postponed to or resumed at another time under Article 44-20, paragraph 4 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, if the virtual meeting platform or participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events before the chairperson has announced the meeting adjourned, and the obstruction continues for more than 30 minutes, the meeting shall be postponed to or resumed on another date within five days, in which case Article 182 of the Company Act shall not apply.

For a meeting to be postponed or resumed as described in the preceding paragraph, shareholders who have not registered to participate in the affected shareholders' meeting online shall not attend the postponed or resumed session.

For a meeting to be postponed or resumed under the second paragraph, the number of shares represented by, and voting rights and election rights exercised by the shareholders who have registered to participate in the affected shareholders' meeting and have successfully signed in the meeting, but do not attend the postpone or resumed session, at the affected shareholders' meeting, shall be counted towards the total number of shares, number of voting rights and number of election rights represented at

the postponed or resumed session.

During a postponed or resumed session of a shareholders' meeting held under the second paragraph, no further discussion or resolution is required for proposals for which votes have been cast and counted and results have been announced, or list of elected directors and supervisors.

When this Corporation convenes a hybrid shareholders' meeting, and the virtual meeting cannot continue as described in second paragraph, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the virtual shareholders' meeting online, still meets the minimum legal requirement for a shareholder meeting, then the shareholders' meeting shall continue, and not postponement or resumption thereof under the second paragraph is required.

Under the circumstances where a meeting should continue as in the preceding paragraph, the shares represented by shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by shareholders present at the meeting, provided these shareholders shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on meeting agenda of that shareholders' meeting.

When postponing or resuming a meeting according to the second paragraph, this Corporation shall handle the preparatory work based on the date of the original shareholders' meeting in accordance with the requirements listed under Article 44-20, paragraph 7 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies.

For dates or period set forth under the second half of Article 12, and Article 13, paragraph 3 of Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies, and Article 44-5, paragraph 2, Article 44-15, and Article 44-17, paragraph 1 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, this Corporation hall handle the matter based on the date of the shareholders' meeting that is postponed or resumed under the second paragraph.

Article 22. When convening a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, this Corporation shall provide

appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual shareholders' meeting online.

Article 23. These Rules shall take effect after having been submitted to and approved by a shareholders meeting. Subsequent amendments thereto shall be effected in the same manner.

Appendix (3) Shih Wei Navigation Co., Ltd. Procedures for Election of Directors

Established on May 19, 1997

The 1st amendment was on June 25, 2002.

The 2nd amendment was on June 27, 2007.

The 3rd amendment was on June 28, 2017.

The 4th amendment was on June 24, 2020.

- Article 1 Except as otherwise provided by law and regulation or by the Company's articles of incorporation, elections of directors shall be conducted in accordance with these Procedures.
- Article 2 The overall composition of the board of directors shall be taken into consideration in the selection of the Company's directors. The composition of the board of directors shall be determined by taking diversity into consideration and formulating an appropriate policy on diversity based on the Company's business operations, operating dynamics, and development needs. It is advisable that the policy include, without being limited to, the following two general standards:
 - I. Basic requirements and values: Gender, age, nationality, and culture.
 - II. Professional knowledge and skills: A professional background (e.g., law, accounting, industry, finance, marketing, technology), professional skills, and industry experience.

Each board member shall have the necessary knowledge, skill, and experience to perform their duties; the abilities that must be present in the board as a whole are as follows:

- I. Ability to make sound business judgments.
- II. Ability to conduct accounting and financial analysis.
- III. Business management ability.
- IV. Ability to respond to a crisis.
- V. Industry knowledge.

VI. An international market perspective.

VII. Leadership ability.

VIII.Decision-making ability.

More than half of the directors shall be persons who have neither a spousal relationship nor a relationship within the second degree of kinship with any other director.

The board of directors of the Company shall consider adjusting its composition based on the results of performance evaluation.

- Article 3 The qualifications for the independent directors of the Company shall comply with Articles 2, 3, and 4 of the Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies.
 The election of independent directors of the Company shall comply with Articles 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of the Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies, and shall be conducted in accordance with Article 24 of the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies.
- Article 4 Elections of directors at the Company shall be conducted in accordance with the candidate nomination system and procedures set out in Article 192-1 of the Company Act.

When the number of directors falls below five due to the dismissal of a director for any reason, the Company shall hold a by-election to fill the vacancy at its next shareholders meeting. When the number of directors falls short by one third of the total number prescribed in the Company's articles of incorporation, the Company shall call a special shareholders meeting within 60 days from the date of occurrence to hold a by-election to fill the vacancies.

When the number of independent directors falls below that required under the proviso of Article 14-2, Paragraph 1 of the Securities and Exchange Act, or the related provisions of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation rules governing the

review of listings, or Subparagraph 8 of the "Standards for Determining Unsuitability for TPEx Listing under Article 10, Paragraph 1 of the Taipei Exchange Rules Governing the Review of Securities for Trading on the TPEx", a by-election shall be held at the next shareholders meeting to fill the vacancy. When the independent directors are dismissed en masse, a special shareholders meeting shall be called within 60 days from the date of occurrence to hold a by-election to fill the vacancies.

- Article 5 The cumulative voting method shall be used for election of the directors at the Company. Each share will have voting rights in number equal to the directors to be elected, and may be cast for a single candidate or split among multiple candidates.
- Article 6 The board of directors shall prepare separate ballots for directors in numbers corresponding to the directors or supervisors to be elected. The number of voting rights associated with each ballot shall be specified on the ballots, which shall then be distributed to the attending shareholders at the shareholders meeting. Attendance card numbers printed on the ballots may be used instead of recording the names of voting shareholders.
- Article 7 The number of directors will be as specified in the Company's articles of incorporation, with voting rights separately calculated for independent and non-independent director positions. Those receiving ballots representing the highest numbers of voting rights will be elected sequentially according to their respective numbers of votes. When two or more persons receive the same number of votes, thus exceeding the specified number of positions, they shall draw lots to determine the winner, with the chair drawing lots on behalf of any person not in attendance.
- Article 8 Before the election begins, the chair shall appoint a number of persons with shareholder status to perform the respective duties of vote monitoring and counting personnel. The ballot boxes shall be prepared by the board of directors and publicly checked by the vote monitoring personnel before voting commences.
- Article 9 When a candidate is a shareholder, the candidate must indicate in the "candidate"

column of the ballot his/her name on the account and account number. If the candidate is not a shareholder, he/she shall indicate his/her name and National ID number. If the candidate is the government or an institution, the name of the government or institution shall be provided in the candidate's column on the ballot; the name of the government or institution along with that of its representative may also be provided. In cases of several representatives, names of all the additional representatives shall be provided.

- Article 10 Ballots are considered void in any of the following circumstances:
 - I. The ballot was not in the form provided by the board of directors.
 - II. A blank ballot is placed in the ballot box.
 - III. The writing is unclear and indecipherable or has been altered.
 - IV. Name on the account and account number provided on the ballot disagree with those shown in the shareholders' roster if the candidate is a shareholder; the name and ID number provided on the ballot are verified to be invalid if the candidate is not a shareholder.
 - V. There is additional information than the name on the account (name) or account number (ID number) of the candidate and the assigned voting rights.
 - VI. The candidate's name written in the ballot coincides with other shareholders, but no information such as shareholder ID or ID card number has been provided for identification.
- Article 11 The voting rights shall be calculated on site immediately after the end of the poll, and the results of the calculation, including the list of persons elected as directors and the numbers of votes with which they were elected, shall be announced by the chair or the master of ceremonies onsite.

The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph and the electronic voting data shall be sealed with the signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the

conclusion of the litigation.

- Article 12 The board of directors of the Company shall issue notifications to the persons elected as directors.
- Article 13 These Procedures, and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented after approval by a shareholders meeting.

Appendix (4)

Status of Holdings of Directors

(Shareholding on the book closure date of the annual general shareholders'

Position	Name or title	Date elected	Number of shares held on the book closure date	Shareholding ratio
Chairperson	Luo Pan Investment Corp. Institutional shareholder representative: Lan, Shin-Chyi	2020/6/24	31,941,267	8.65%
Directors	Chen, Huo-Tsai	2020/6/24	107,508	0.03%
Directors	Kuo, Chen-Yu	2020/6/24	55,895	0.02%
Independent Director	Chang, Lu-Chang	2020/6/24	0	0%
Independent Director	Lin, Po-Ging	2020/6/24	0	0%
Independent Director	Chen, Po-Chung	2020/6/24	0	0%
Total directors' shareholdings			32,104,670	8.7%

meeting of the current year: April 30, 2023)

Note:

- I. The shareholding ratio in this table is calculated based on the Company's total number of outstanding shares, i.e., 369,267,090 shares, as of the book closure date for the annual general shareholders' meeting hits year.
- II. According to Article 2 of the "Rules and Review Procedures for Director and Supervisor Share Ownership Ratios at Public Companies", the mandatory amount of shares held by all Directors is 14,770,683 shares. The Company has established an Audit Committee and therefore the minimum legal required amount of shares held by supervisors does not apply.

Appendix (5)

The Impact of Stock dividend Issuance on Business Performance and EPS

Not Applicable.